

## CLAIMS

1/ A method manufacturing bowl of thermostructural composite material formed by fiber reinforcement densified by a matrix, the method comprising making a preform constituting the fiber reinforcement by draping two-dimensional fiber plies on a former of shape corresponding to the shape of the bowl to be made, and densifying the preform with a material constituting the matrix of the composite material,

the method being characterized by using deformable two-dimensional fiber plies, superposing said plies on the former, deforming the plies so that the plies fit closely on said former by deforming without forming folds, and bonding the superposed plies to one another by means of fibers extending transversely relative to the plies so as to obtain a one-piece bowl preform which is subsequently densified.

2/ A method according to claim 1, characterized in that plies are used made of a fabric formed of a plurality of unidirectional sheets superposed in different directions and bonded together so as to form deformable individual mesh loops.

3/ A method according to claim 2, characterized in that plies are used made of a fabric formed of two unidirectional sheets superposed with directions that are at an angle of 45° to 60° between each other.

4/ A method according to claim 2 or claim 3, characterized in that the unidirectional sheets are bonded to one another by knitting a thread which passes from one side of the fabric to the other.

5/ A method according to claim 2 or claim 3, characterized in that the unidirectional sheets are bonded together by needling.

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13/ A method coring to any claim 11 or claim 12,  
characterized in that the density of fibers transferred  
transversely relative to the plies is controlled  
throughout the thickness of the preform.

14/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 10, characterized in that the superposed plies are bonded together by stitching.

15/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 10, characterized in that the superposed plies are bonded together by implanting threads transversely relative to the plies.

16/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 15, characterized in that the preform is consolidated prior to densification.

17/ A method according to claim 16, characterized in that the preform is consolidated by being impregnated with a resin, by polymerizing the resin, and by carbonizing the polymerized resin.

18/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 17, characterized in that, prior to densification, the preform is subjected to heat treatment for dimensional stabilization and for purification at a temperature lying in the range 1600°C to 2800°C.

19/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 18, characterized in that the preform is densified by chemical vapor infiltration.

20/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, characterized in that the deformable two-dimensional fiber plies used are whole, being free from any cutouts or slots, thereby obtaining a preform for a complete bowl in one piece, and densification is performed on the complete bowl preform.

21/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, characterized in that the deformable two-dimensional fiber plies used are whole, being free from cutouts or slots, so as to obtain a complete one-piece bowl preform, a hole is made through the bottom of the preform prior to densification of the preform by chemical vapor infiltration, and the hole is subsequently closed by a plug.

22/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, characterized in that the deformable two-dimensional fiber plies used are whole, having a substantially central opening, the plies are superposed on the former so that their openings are in alignment, thereby obtaining a bowl preform with a hole through the bottom of the preform constituted by the aligned openings in the plies, the preform is densified by chemical vapor infiltration, and the hole is subsequently closed by a plug.

23/ A method according to claim 21 or claim 22, characterized in that a plug of thermostructural composite material is used.

24/ A method according to any one of claims 21 to 23, characterized in that an additional step of chemical vapor infiltration is performed after the plug has been put into place in the hole formed in the bottom of the preform.

25/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 24, characterized in that after densification, purification heat treatment is performed at a temperature lying in the range 1600°C to 2700°C.

26/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 25, characterized in that after densification, a coating of pyrolytic carbon is formed on the bowl.

5 27/ A method according to any one of claims 1 to 25, characterized in that after densification, a coating of silicon carbide is formed on the bowl.

10 28/ A method according to any one of claims 21 to 27, characterized in that the inside face of the bowl is lined with a protective coating.

15 29/ A method according to claim 28, characterized in that a protective coating is used made of a thermostructural composite material.

20 30/ A bowl of thermostructural composite material formed by fiber reinforcement densified by a matrix, in which the fiber reinforcement comprises superposed two-dimensional fiber plies, the bowl being characterized in that the fiber plies are bonded together by fibers extending transversely relative to the plies.

25 31/ A bowl according to claim 30, characterized in that it is a one-piece bowl and has two-dimensional reinforcing plies that are whole, without cutouts or slots.

30 32/ A bowl according to claim 30 or claim 31, characterized in that the fiber plies are formed of unidirectional sheets superposed in different directions.

33/ A bowl according to claim 32, characterized in that the fiber plies are made of carbon fibers.

34/ A bowl according to claim 33, characterized in that the matrix is formed at least in part out of pyrolytic carbon.

5 35/ A bowl according to claim 33 or claim 34, characterized in that the matrix is made at least in part out of ceramic.

10 36/ A bowl according to claim 35, characterized in that the matrix is made at least in part out of silicon carbide.

15 37/ A bowl according to any one of claims 30 to 36, characterized in that at least its inside face is coated in a layer of pyrolytic carbon.

20 38/ A bowl according to any one of claims 30 to 36, characterized in that at least its inside face is coated in a layer of silicon carbide.

25 39/ The use of a bowl according to any one of claims 30 to 38 for supporting a crucible in an installation for producing monocrystalline silicon ingots, the use being characterized in that a protective layer is interposed between the bowl and the crucible.

40/ A bowl according to claim 39, characterized in that a protective layer of thermostructural composite material is used.

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